



FEFI Kick-off

Mainz: 11.-13.12.2013

Photo log

JOHANNES GUTENBERG
UNIVERSITÄT MAINZ





Wednesday, 11.12.2013



JOHANNES GUTENBERG
UNIVERSITÄT MAINZ







Welcome

Univ. Prof. Dr. Mechthild Dreyer

Vice-President

University of Mainz



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Welcome

Dr. Beate Hörr

Head of Center for Continuing Education (ZWW)
University Mainz



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Intercultural warm up

Iris Thimm

FEFI-Project Coordinator

Center for Continuing Education (ZWW)

University Mainz



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Short presentation

Cork boards

All FEFI-Partners



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P1

Zentrum für wissenschaftliche Weiterbildung

Germany



Zentrum für wissenschaftliche Weiterbildung

The Centre for Continuing Education, ZWW (Z) is a central faculty of the Johannes Gutenberg University Mainz (JGU), founded in the 1990s. In addition to teaching and research, ZWW has a long tradition towards continuing education. It is a core area of the main and JGU will support it in the near future for Lifelong Learning (LL).

With more than 30,000 students from about 150 nations, JGU is one of the largest universities in Germany. It is a research institution of national and international reputation and emphasizes the value of research-oriented teaching. In the cooperation of research centers and institutes, ZWW has the status of the core university faculty. Continuing with the university it is part of. This comprises in particular the areas of LL, knowledge exchange, technology transfer, and the transfer university.

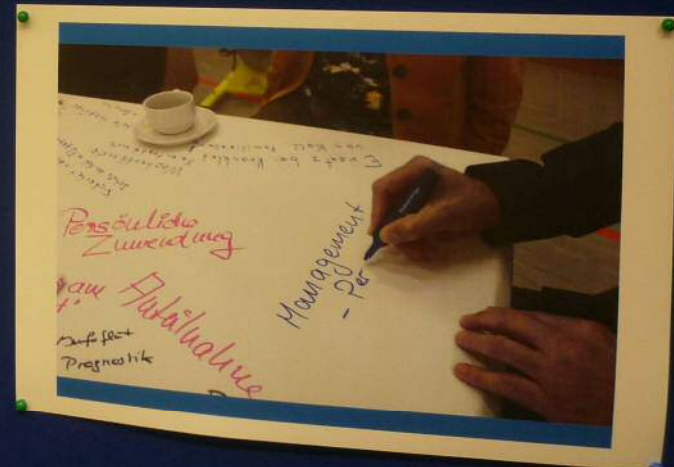
ZWW benefits from being a central faculty of the comprehensive structure and draws on the competence and resources of the research and teaching staff of the other university institutions. It offers further training measures for adult education in the field of studies, career studies and European Credit Points or study programmes with university degree systems. An extensive continuing education of school teachers, professional or educational consultation and competence development.

ZWW contributes to a national network of centres for the qualification of educational professionals.

Since 2008, ZWW has developed educational projects in the post system as one key area of work in cooperation with the university's Department of Law. The ZWW offers a qualification program for professionals in continuing education to enter and manage individual case studies and programs from work (vocational training).

ZWW offers continuing education in education and career-related topics.

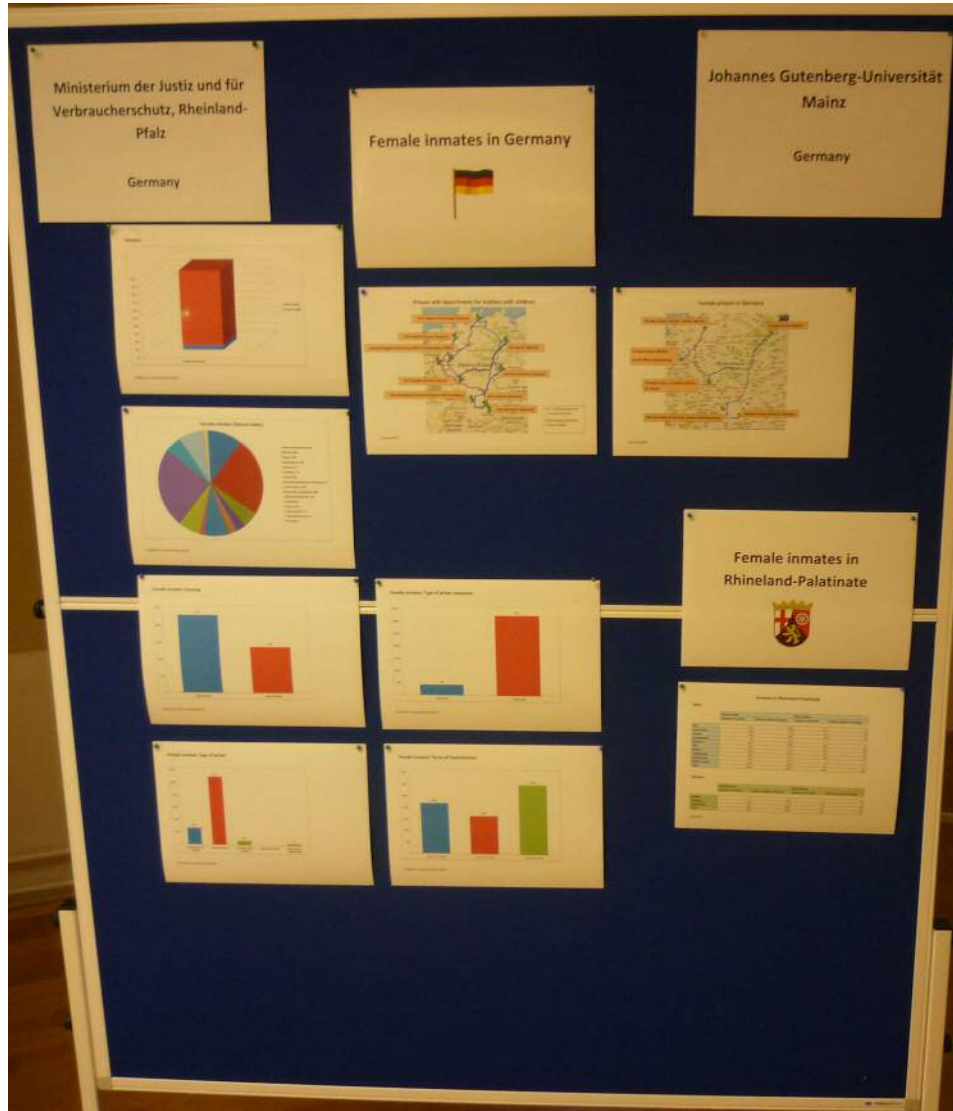
The ZWW cooperates with the Ministry of Science and Consumer Care Rheinland-Pfalz in working and working staff of continuing education.



Lifelong Learning Programme

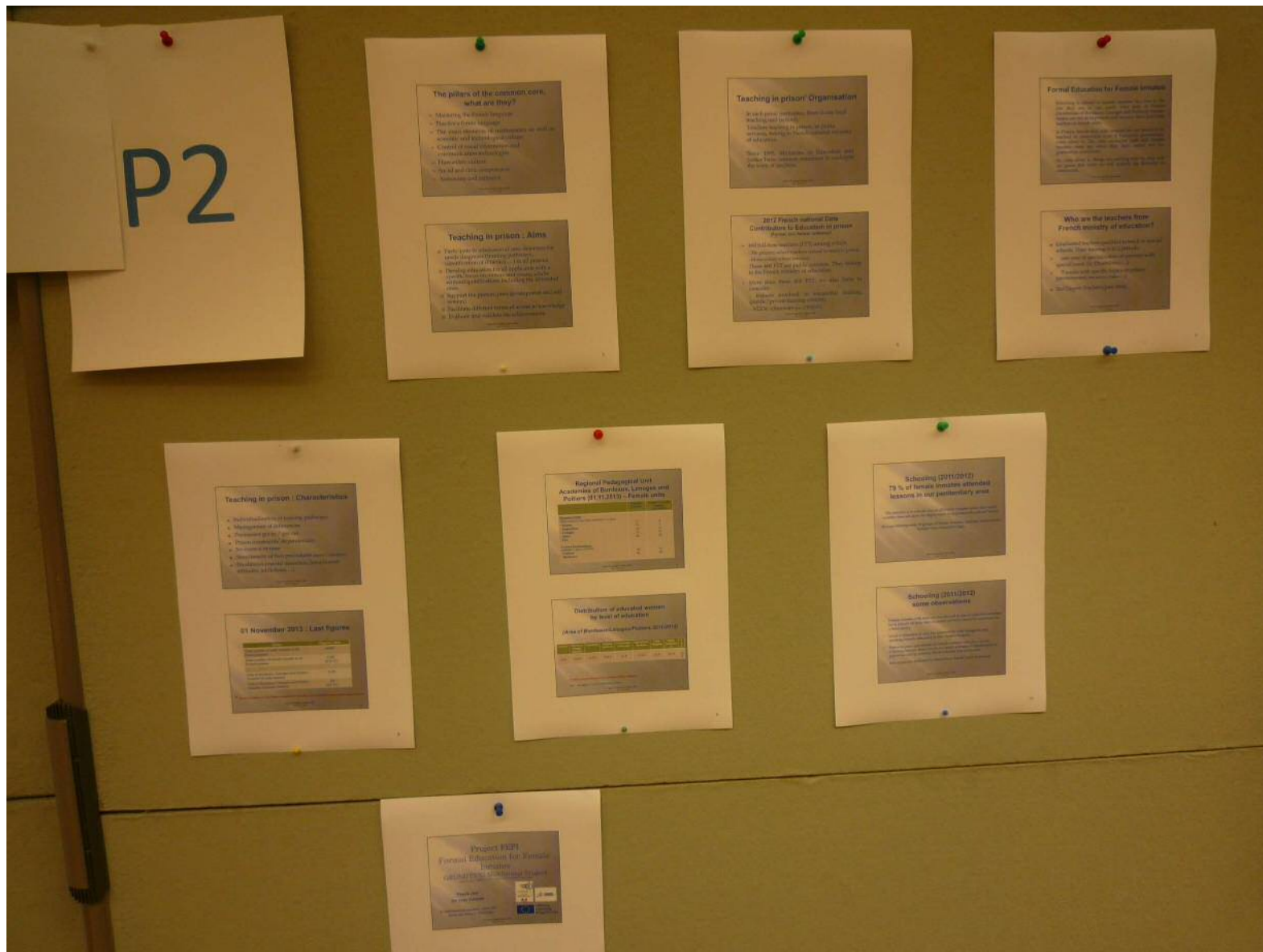
JOHANNES GUTENBERG UNIVERSITÄT MAINZ

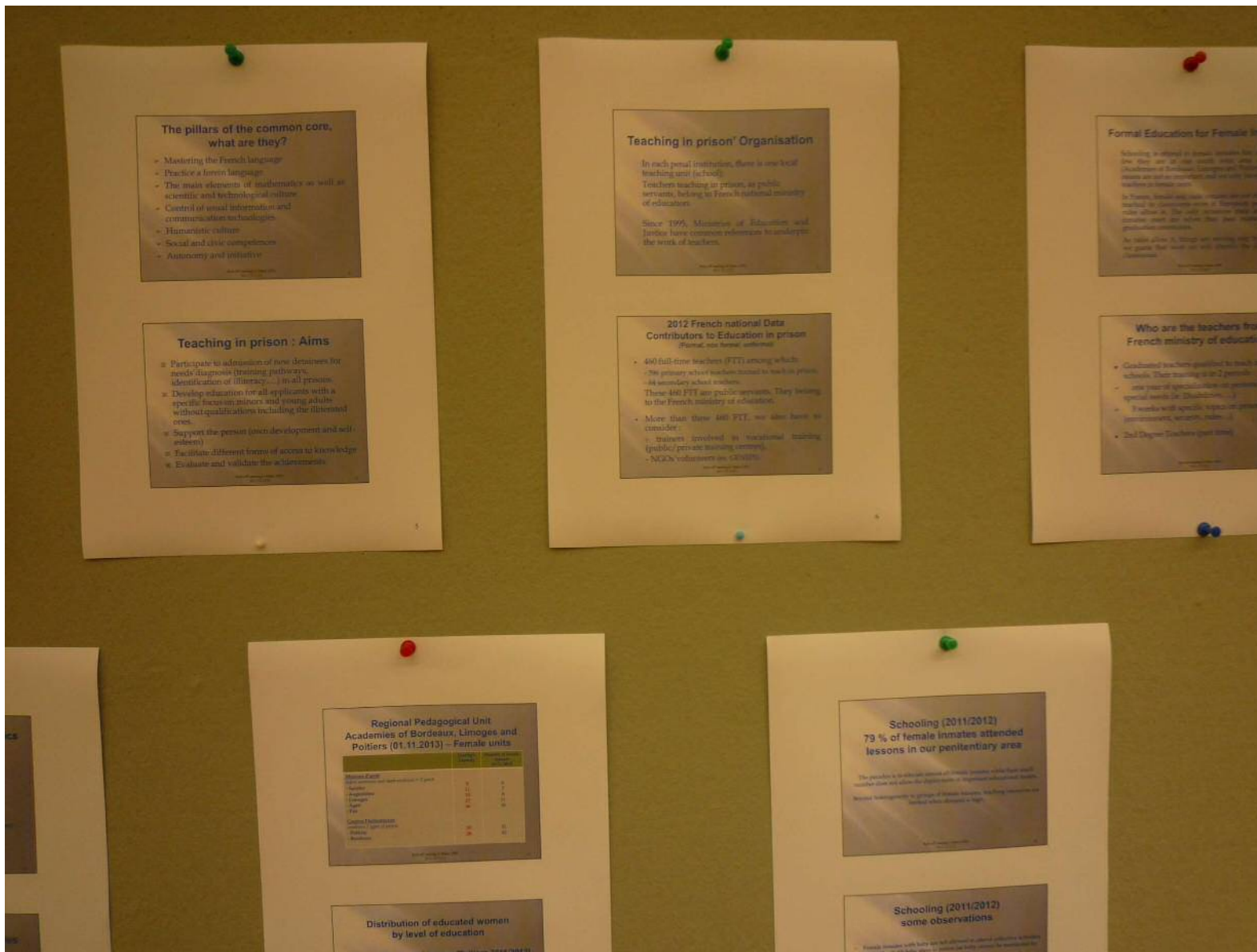












Contact:

Justizvollzugsanstalt Zweibrücken

Sandra Gauf



Caroline Rajc



Anja Rohr



The prison in Zweibrücken was built between 1839 and 1845 as a Bavarian county jail.

Since then it had been expanded extensively and still we continue expansion and modernization.

Actually 331 men and 95 women are imprisoned in Zweibrücken.

Our institution is very active and responsible, concerning the detention of young women and men.

The institution is employing 321 women and men of different professions at the moment.

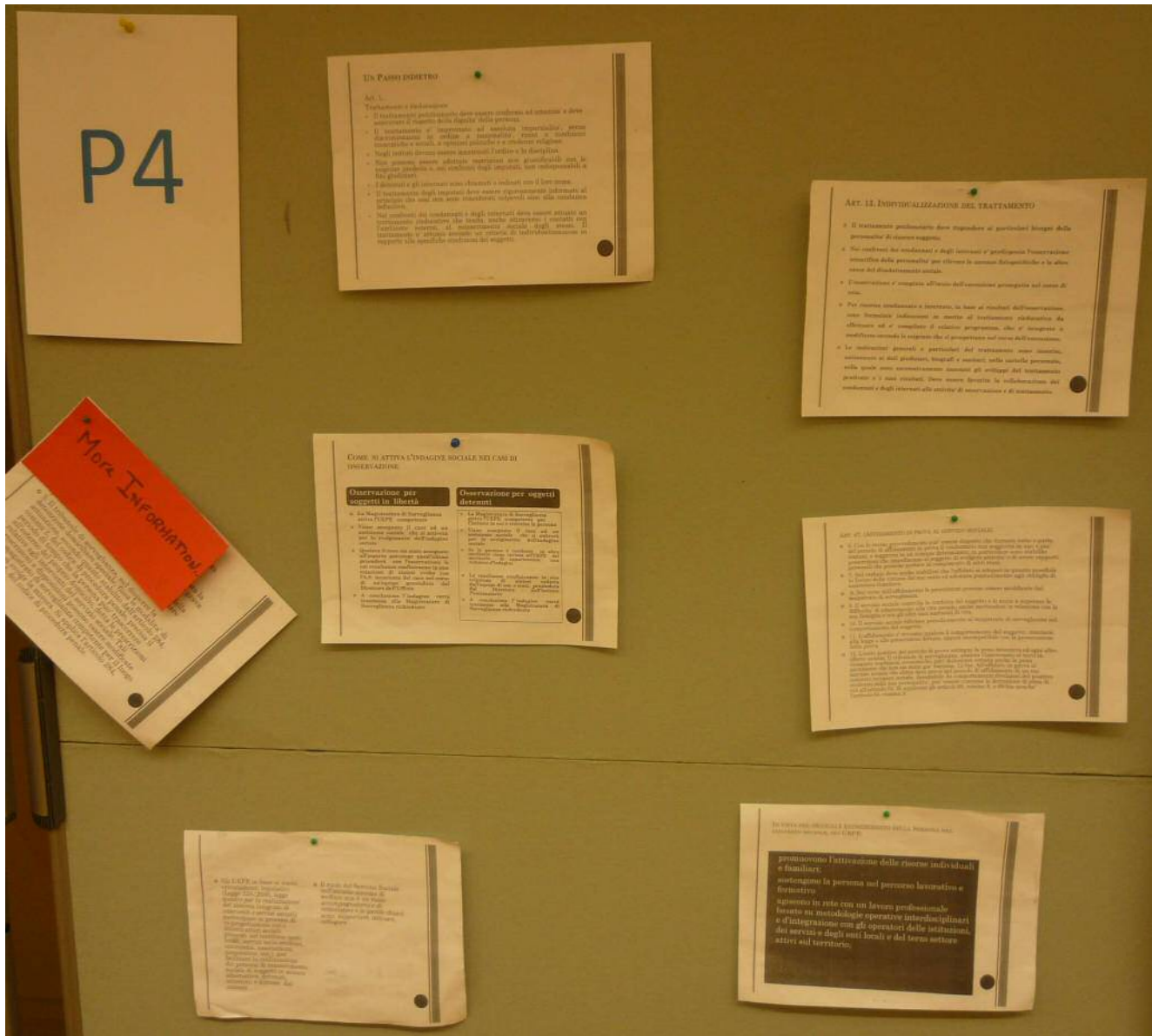
We are the "central training institution" of Rhineland-Palatinate. Male and female prisoners are trained together in many various professions.

Johann-Schwebel-Straße 33
66482 Zweibrücken
Germany
Phone: 06332/486-0

E-Mail:
jvazw@vollzug.miv.rlp.de

<http://www.miv.rlp.de/justizvollzug/JVA-Zweibruecken/>





P4

UN PASSO INDIETRO

Art. 1.

- Trattamento e rieducazione**
- Il trattamento penitenziario deve essere conforme ad umanità e deve assicurare il rispetto della dignità della persona.
 - Il trattamento è improntato ad assoluta imparzialità, senza discriminazioni in ordine a razionalità, razza e condizioni economiche e sociali, a opinioni politiche e a credenze religiose.
 - Negli istituti devono essere mantenuti l'ordine e la disciplina.
 - Non possono essere adottate restrizioni non giustificabili con le esigenze predette o, nei confronti degli imputati, non indispensabili a fini giudiziari.
 - I detenuti e gli internati sono chiamati o indicati con il loro nome.
 - Il trattamento degli imputati deve essere rigorosamente informato al principio che essi non sono considerati colpevoli sino alla condanna definitiva.
 - Nei confronti dei condannati e degli internati deve essere attuato un trattamento rieducativo che tenda, anche attraverso i contatti con l'ambiente esterno, al reinserimento sociale degli stessi. Il trattamento è attuato secondo un criterio di individualizzazione in rapporto alle specifiche condizioni dei soggetti.

ART. 13. INDIVIDUALIZZAZIONE DEL TRATTAMENTO

- Il trattamento penitenziario deve rispondere ai particolari bisogni della personalità di ciascun soggetto.
- Nei confronti dei condannati e degli internati è predisposta l'osservazione scientifica della personalità per rilevare le carenze fisiopsichiche e le altre cause del disadattamento sociale.
- L'osservazione è compiuta all'inizio dell'esecuzione proseguita nel corso di essa.
- Per ciascun condannato e internato, in base ai risultati dell'osservazione, sono formulate indicazioni in merito al trattamento rieducativo da effettuare ed è compilato il relativo programma, che è integrato o modificato secondo le esigenze che si prospettano nel corso dell'esecuzione.
- Le indicazioni generali e particolari del trattamento sono inserite, unitamente ai dati giudiziari, biografici e sanitari, nella cartella personale, nella quale sono successivamente annotati gli sviluppi del trattamento praticato e i suoi risultati. Deve essere favorita la collaborazione dei condannati e degli internati alle attività di osservazione e di trattamento.

COME SI ATTIVA L'INDAGINE SOCIALE NEI CASI DI OSSERVAZIONE

Osservazione per soggetti in libertà

- La Magistratura di Sorveglianza attiva l'UEPE competente.
- Viene assegnato il caso ad un servizio sociale che si occupa per lo svolgimento dell'indagine sociale.
- Quando il caso sia stato assegnato all'esperto psicologo quest'ultimo provvederà, con l'assistenza in tal modo costituita, in una relazione di sintesi svolta con l'A.S. incaricata del caso sul corso di adempimenti presieduta dal Direttore dell'Ufficio.
- A conclusione l'indagine verrà trasmessa alla Magistratura di Sorveglianza richiedente.

Osservazione per oggetti detenuti

- La Magistratura di Sorveglianza attiva l'UEPE competente per l'istituto in cui è detenuta la persona.
- Viene assegnato il caso ad un servizio sociale che si occupa per lo svolgimento dell'indagine sociale.
- Se la persona è detenuta in altri istituti viene inviata all'UEPE del territorio di appartenenza che richiede l'indagine.
- Le relazioni e sintesi redatte dall'esperto di cui è investito il Direttore dell'Ufficio.
- A conclusione l'indagine verrà trasmessa alla Magistratura di Sorveglianza richiedente.

Mora Informativa

Il trattamento di sorveglianza per i detenuti in libertà è attivato in base al risultato dell'indagine sociale. Il servizio sociale che si occupa per lo svolgimento dell'indagine sociale, quando il caso sia stato assegnato all'esperto psicologo quest'ultimo provvederà, con l'assistenza in tal modo costituita, in una relazione di sintesi svolta con l'A.S. incaricata del caso sul corso di adempimenti presieduta dal Direttore dell'Ufficio. A conclusione l'indagine verrà trasmessa alla Magistratura di Sorveglianza richiedente.

ART. 47. (AFFIDAMENTO IN PROVA AL SERVIZIO SOCIALE)

- 6. Con lo stesso provvedimento può essere disposto che durante tutto o parte del periodo di affidamento in prova il condannato non soggiorni in uno o più comuni o soggiorni in un comune determinato, in particolare sono stabilite prescrizioni che impediscono al soggetto di svolgere, attraverso o di avere rapporti personali che possono portare al compimento di altri reati.
- 7. Nel verbale deve anche stabilirsi che l'affidato si adoperi in quanto possibile in favore della vittima del suo reato ed adempia puntualmente agli obblighi di assistenza familiare.
- 8. Nel corso dell'affidamento le prescrizioni possono essere modificate dal magistrato di sorveglianza.
- 9. Il servizio sociale controlla la condotta del soggetto e lo aiuta a superare le difficoltà di adattamento alla vita sociale, anche mettendosi in relazione con la sua famiglia e con gli altri suoi ambienti di vita.
- 10. Il servizio sociale riferisce periodicamente al magistrato di sorveglianza sul comportamento del soggetto.
- 11. L'affidamento è revocato qualora il comportamento del soggetto, contrario alla legge o alle prescrizioni dettate, appaia incompatibile con la prosecuzione della prova.
- 12. L'esito positivo del periodo di prova estingue la pena detentiva ed ogni altro effetto penale. Il tribunale di sorveglianza, qualora l'interessato si trovi in disagiati condizioni economiche, può dichiarare estinto anche la pena pecuniaria che non sia stata già rimborsata. Il bis. All'affidato in prova al servizio sociale che abbia dato prova nel periodo di affidamento di un suo concreto recupero sociale, desumibile da comportamenti rivelatori del positivo evolversi della sua personalità, può essere concessa la detrazione di pena di cui all'articolo 54. Si applicano gli articoli 69, comma 8, e 69-bis nonché l'articolo 54, comma 2.



Lifelong Learning Programme

JOHANNES GUTENBERG UNIVERSITÄT MAINZ



Cyprus Prison Department

Cyprus

HISTORY OF PRISON

- The Nicosia central prison was built by the British in 1894.
- At first it was a place of detention for those sentenced by the court to imprisonment and also as a place of temporary detention for persons under trial.
- It is known for the "Imprisoned Graves" where 13 EOKA freedom fighters were imprisoned and executed.
- In 1960 Cyprus became an independent state.

STATISTICAL DATA - IMPRISONMENT

- 21 Cypriots and 106 foreigners convicted in imprisonment in 2010, and 4 foreigners was between 18 -21 years old and 1 was under 18
- 28 Cypriots and 115 foreigners convicted in imprisonment in 2011, and 4 foreigners was between 18 -21 years old
- 30 Cypriots and 122 foreigners convicted in imprisonment in 2012, and 1 foreigner was between 18 -21 years old
- Today 26 Cypriots and 39 foreigners are sentenced to imprisonment and 2 foreigners are under 18 years old

STATUS OF PRISON

There is only one Prison in Cyprus. It is under the Jurisdiction of the Ministry of Justice and Public Order.

For both convicted and remand offenders, men & women from the age of 16 and older

The capacity of the prison is 450 inmates although the last few years it is overcrowded

Block 3

It is the place that female inmates are kept

The real capacity is 23 places but the overcrowded capacity is 56. Today we have 41 female.

The female open prison and the Centre of Guidance and Out-of-Prison Employment can host 6 person each

PRISON SERVICES

Medical Services

In Cyprus Prison Department two pathologists work on a daily basis.

Also during the day there are nurses

We have prison warders as well that are trained and work 24 hours a day

Periodically a dentist visits the prison, but other specialises as well

The most serious cases are referred to the general hospital

FACILITIES OF THE PRISON DEPARTMENT

It is divided in 3 sections:

- The Closed Prison (the area within the walls), where detainees live, work and move under high security measures
- The Open Prison (the area outside the walls but within the prison area) where detainees live, work and move under lower security measures
- The Centre of Guidance and Out-of-Prison Employment, which includes housing for prisoners that work in the free market but return to the prison after work. Semi freedom conditions prevail in these areas.

Mental Health Services (Psychiatrist, psychologists, occupational therapists, mental health nurses)

- The Mental Health Services have the responsibility for the therapeutic part of the inmates life in prison. They are running individual and group therapeutic sessions and leisure activities for motivating the offenders to seek a more therapeutic collaboration with the multidisciplinary team.
- A very important part is the Rehabilitation Programme for Addiction that has been running for a year now.

MISSION OF DEPARTMENT

The secure detention of individuals sent to prison from the courts.

- Prepared of human rights
- Provision of services which will aid the rehabilitation of each inmate, the inmates health, moral and spiritual
- Provision of education, medical, rehabilitative, health and social services to the improvement of self esteem, stress management, their attitude, and their integration to the society and change of delinquent behaviour
- Social reintegration

School

Formal Education

The educational programme in the prison is under the supervision of the Ministry of Education and the Ministry of Justice and Public Order. The Prison Administration are responsible for the inmates have the chance to be included in the educational programme run by the prison school.

The related areas of these programmes is chosen according to the educational level of the inmates, their own choices and the subjects chosen by the Prison Administration.

Special emphasis is given on vocational training so that after the prisoners released would be able to find a job in the free market. For example, electricity, plumbing, cooking or sewing in the primary workshops

Social Welfare Services

The social welfare services in the prison department are in contact with the inmates in the first few days of their imprisonment. They are responsible for the inmates and their families and their welfare. The inmates are in a social service if they have the help needed in their life and they are given an 24 hour medical assistance and for inmates who are in contact with their family but have some difficulties with the social welfare of the prison.

The social workers in the Cyprus Prison Department are also responsible for the social welfare of the inmates during their stay.

School

INFORMAL EDUCATION

There is a theatre group in the Cyprus Prison Department since 1998 and this professional address is in charge of this group since its beginning.

Other informal education is the folklore dance group, arts and crafts, mosaics, musical instruments etc.

The training group and its department organized an exhibition, courts, Parliament, Houses, buildings (courts, Parliament, Houses, buildings)

Also we organized a project in informal education

Rehabilitation Programmes

In 2012-2013 we have organized a series of lectures by specialists on specific matters relevant to their release. For example, vocational rehabilitation, how to apply for a job, the prisoner's rights, the rights of a member of the Construction etc.

STATISTICAL DATA - REMAND

- 26 Cypriots and 128 foreigners were remanded in 2010, and 10 foreigners was between 18 -21 years old
- 23 Cypriots and 154 foreigners were remanded in 2011, and 8 foreigners was between 18 -21 years old and 1 foreigner was under 18
- 40 Cypriots and 181 foreigners were remanded in 2012, and 5 foreigners was between 18 -21 years old and 1 foreigner was under 18
- Today 11 Cypriots and 30 foreigners are remanded and 2 of the foreigners are under 18

OFFENCES CONDEMNING FEMALE

- Robbery
- Drugs
- Illegal stay
- Facility abuse (female)
- robbery

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TRATTONIKOLAS TAGOS

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TRATTONIKOLAS TAGOS

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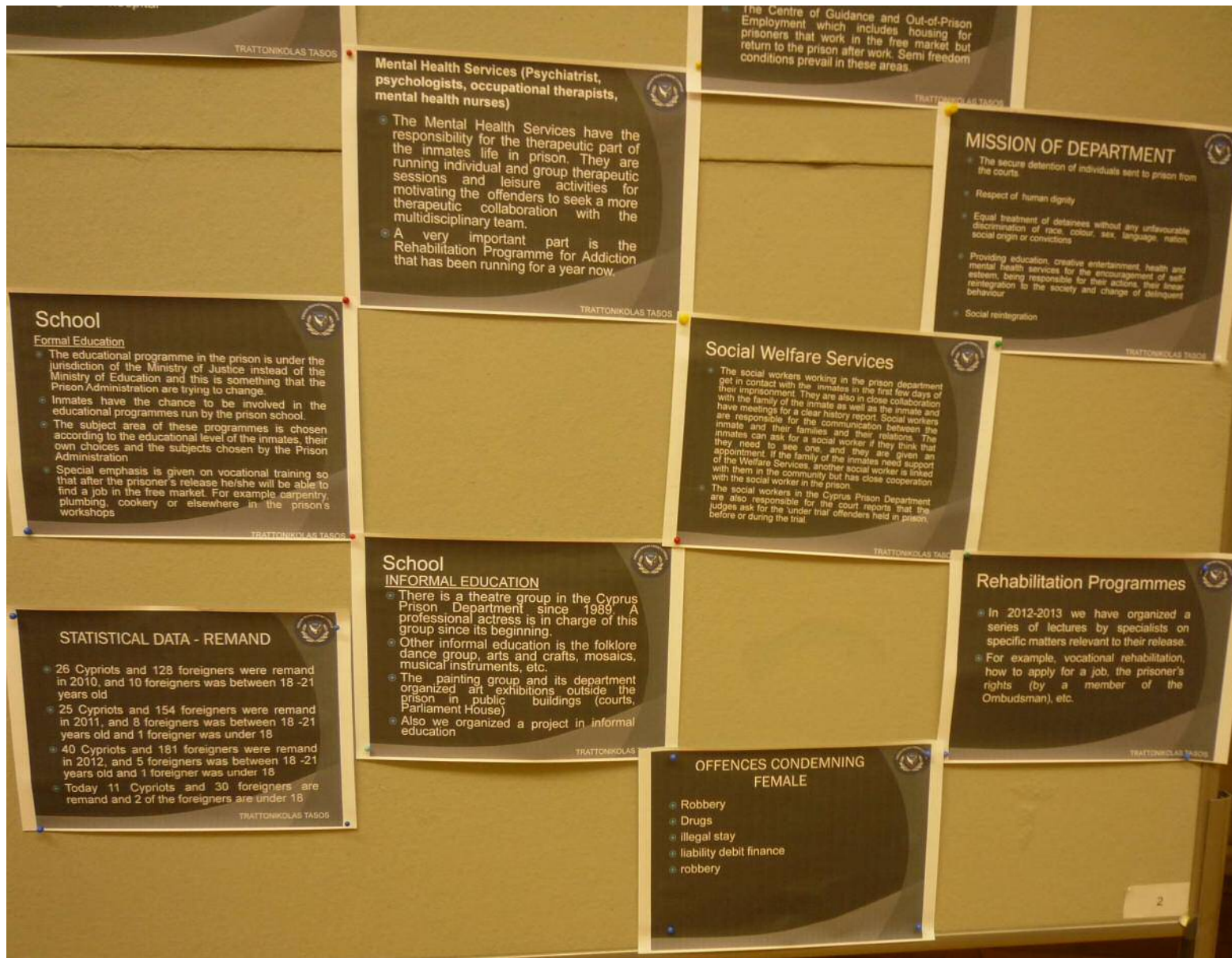
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- A very important part is the Rehabilitation Programme for Addiction that has been running for a year now.

MISSION OF DEPARTMENT

- The secure detention of individuals sent to prison from the courts.
- Respect of human dignity
- Equal treatment of detainees without any unfavourable discrimination of race, colour, sex, language, nation, social origin or convictions.
- Providing education, creative entertainment, health and mental health services for the encouragement of self-education, being responsible for their actions, that allow reintegration to the society and change of delinquent behaviour
- Social reintegration











P8

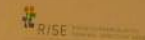


The Criminal Sanctions Agency (Rise*)

is responsible for enforcement of sentences in Finland. It operates under the direction of the Ministry of Justice and implements the criminal policy defined by the Ministry.

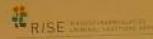
The primary duty of the Criminal Sanctions Agency is to see that the sentences passed by the courts of the law are enforced lawfully and safely in Finland. In particular, the Agency's goal is to enhance the safety of society by decreasing sentenced offenders' risk of reoffering.

*The acronym Rise is an abbreviation of the Finnish name of the Criminal Sanctions Agency, Rikosseuraamuslaitos.



Prisoners

All prisoners	3262	W 234
Remand prisoners	598	W 53
Convicted prisoners	2612	W 171
Fine prisoners	53	W 0
Life sentenced prisoners	175	W 145
Foreign prisoners (not immigrants)	444	W 73
Prisoners in supervised probationary freedom	426	W 245

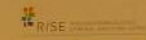


The Criminal Sanctions Agency

OUR VISION
The CSA carries out influential, reliable and significant work for the safety of society.

OUR BASIC DUTY
The CSA is responsible for the implementation of remand imprisonment as well as the enforcement of community sanctions and open sentences.

OUR VALUES
-Respect for human dignity
-Justice
-Faith in an individual's potential to change and grow
-Safety



Goals of the Criminal Sanctions Agency

- Safely towards more open and influential enforcement
- Path to life without crime with the help of an active network co-operation
- Meaningful work, motivated and healthy personnel

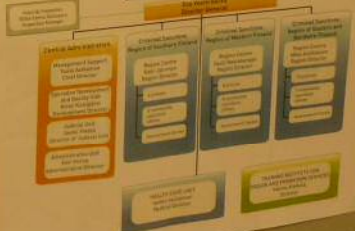


Criminal Sanctions Agency in numbers

Annual expenses of sentence enforcement	about € 240 million
Annual income	3000
Number of personnel on average	2300
Daily average of prisoners	250
of which female prisoners	400
foreign prisoners	100
life sentenced prisoners	4200
Daily average of community sanctions clients	about € 200
Cost of one prison day in a closed prison	about € 1400
Cost of one prison day in an open prison	about € 200
Cost of one day of community service	about € 200



CRIMINAL SANCTIONS AGENCY









Organization of the FEFI-Project

Iris Thimm



JOHANNES GUTENBERG
UNIVERSITÄT MAINZ









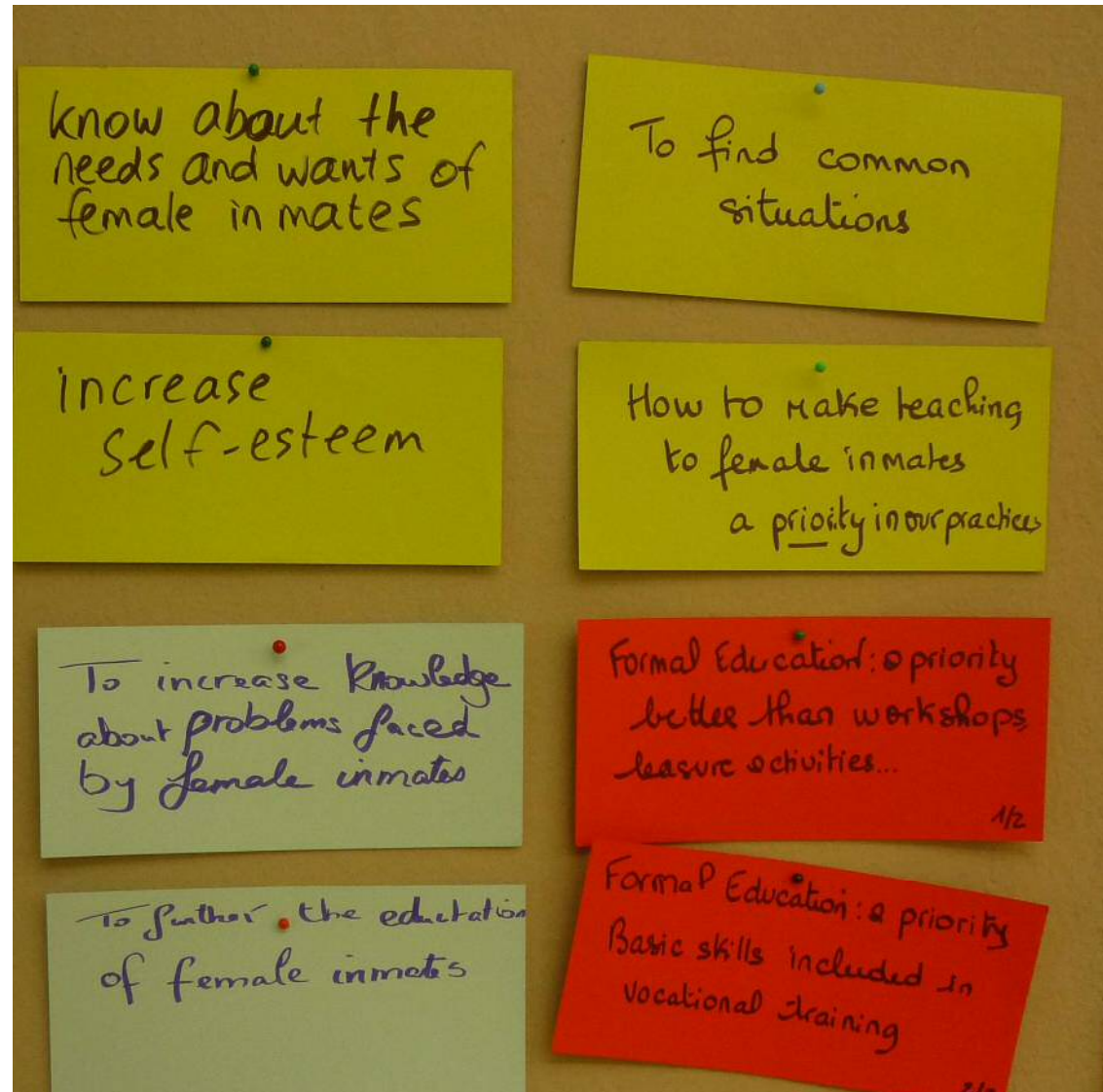
Goals of FEFI-Project

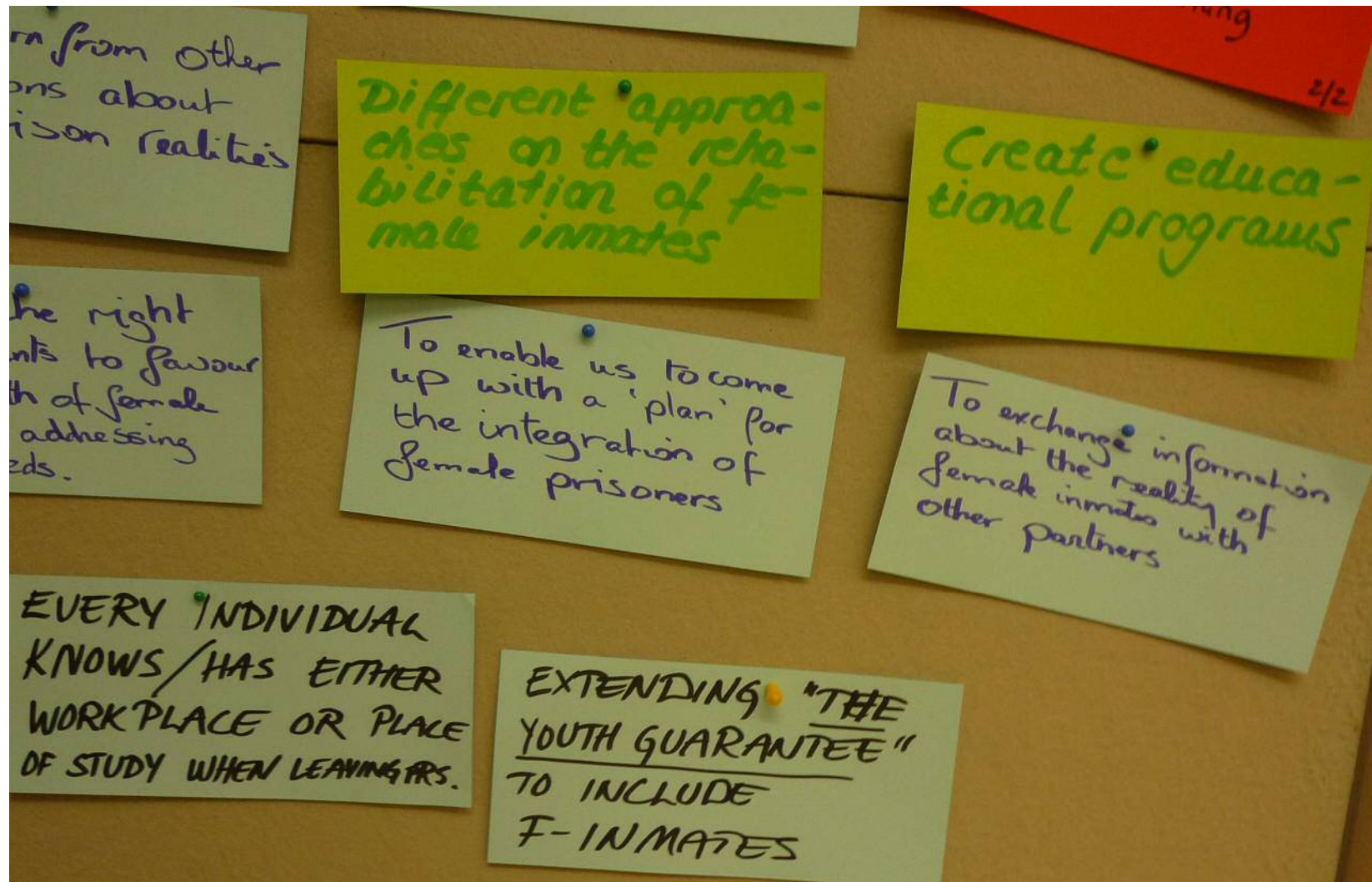


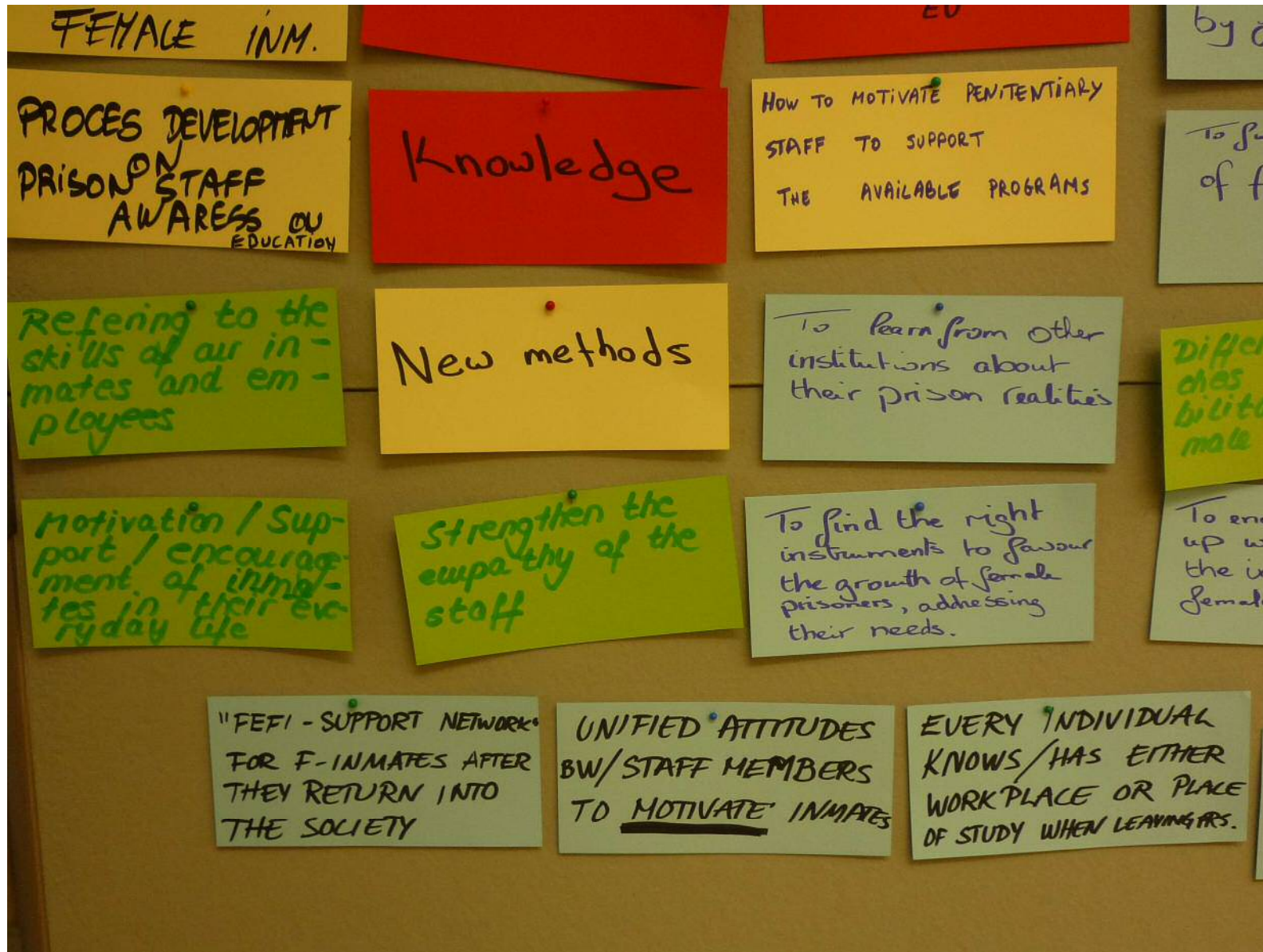
GOALS

- HOLISTIC APPROACH TOWARDS EDUCATION IN "PRISON" SETTINGS JUDICIARY**
- EXCHANGE EXPERIENCES**
- GOOD PRACTICES: WHAT WORKS? "METHODOLOGY"**
- know about the needs and wants of female inmates
- To find common situations
- OPPORTUNITIES TO ENHANCE COMPETENCES**
- Needs**
- INCREASE MOTIVATION AMONGST FEMALE INMATES
- increase self-esteem
- How to make teaching to female inmates a priority in our practices
- INCREASED PARTICIPATION FEMALE INM.**
- New procedures**
- WHAT IS HAPPENING IN OTHER PRISONS? EU
- To increase knowledge about problems faced by female inmates
- formal education a priority better than workshops leisure activities
- PROCES DEVELOPMENT PRISON STAFF AWARENESS EU EDUCATION**
- Knowledge**
- How to MOTIVATE PENITENTIARY STAFF TO SUPPORT THE AVAILABLE PROGRAMS
- To further the education of female inmates
- Formal Education a priority Basic skills included in vocational training
- Referring to the skills of our inmates and employees
- New methods**
- To learn from other institutions about their prison realities
- Different approaches on the re-education of female inmates
- Create educational programs**
- Motivation / Support / encouragement of inmates in their everyday life
- strengthen the empathy of the staff
- To find the right instruments to favour the growth of female prisoners, addressing their needs.
- To enable us to come up with a 'plan' for the integration of female prisoners
- To exchange information about the reality of female inmates with other partners
- "FEFI - SUPPORT NETWORK FOR F-INMATES AFTER THEY RETURN INTO THE SOCIETY"
- UNIFIED ATTITUDES BW/STAFF MEMBERS TO MOTIVATE INMATES
- EVERY INDIVIDUAL KNOWS/HAS EITHER WORK PLACE OR PLACE OF STUDY WHEN LEARNING.
- EXTENDING "THE YOUTH GUARANTEE" TO INCLUDE F-INMATES









Welcome & Presentation

Martin Zschel

Ministry of Justice and Consumer Protection,
Training, Further Education and Training of Prisoners,
Educational Service, Training of Staff



JOHANNES GUTENBERG
UNIVERSITÄT MAINZ







Thursday, 12.12.2013



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Intercultural warm up

Iris Thimm

FEFI-Project Coordinator

Center for Continuing Education (ZWW)

University Mainz



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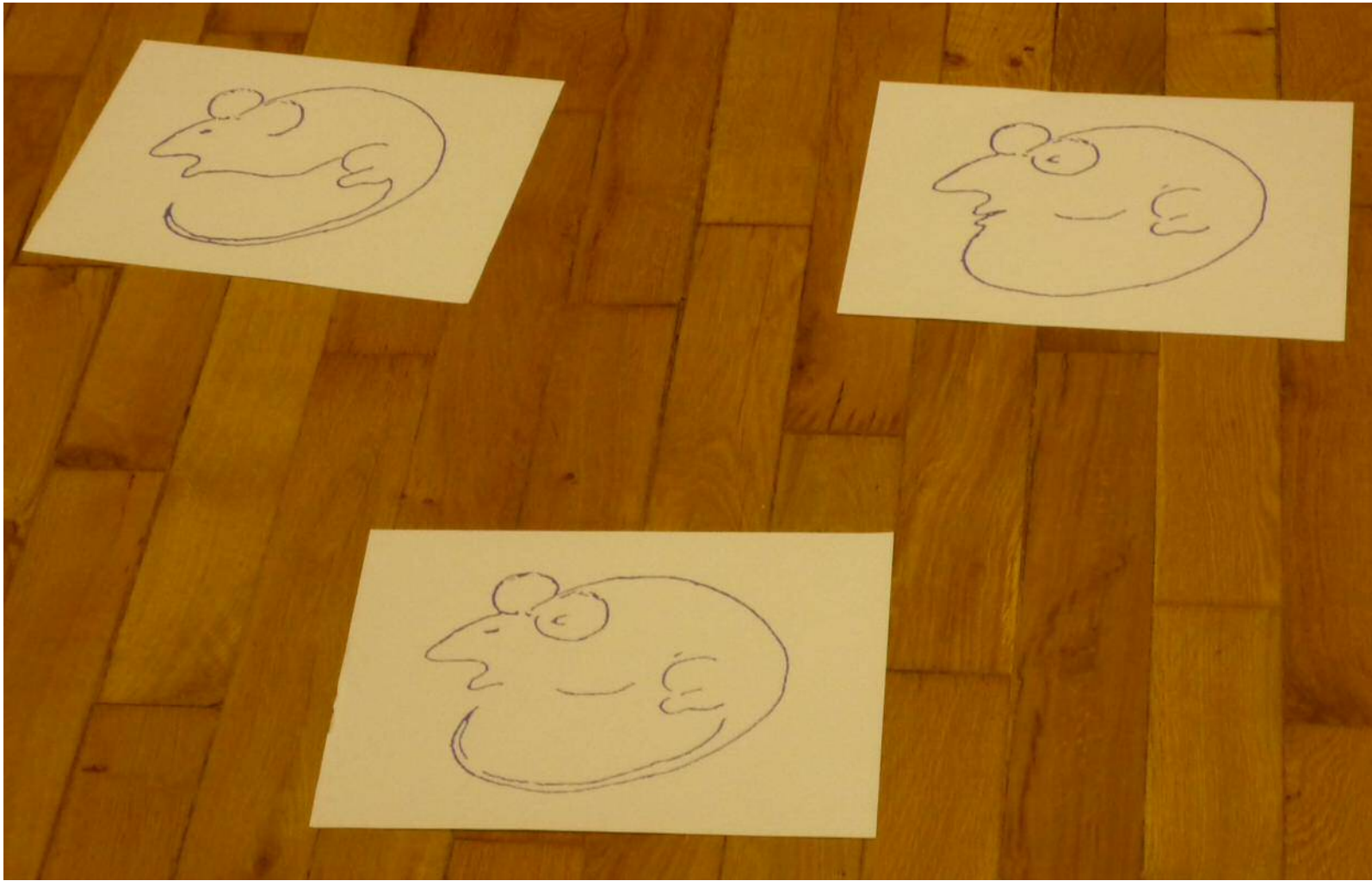
















Introduction to the Questionnaires

FEFI-partner Finland



JOHANNES GUTENBERG
UNIVERSITÄT MAINZ



Female Inmates in Europe, Project Goals and Questionnaires

Ulla Sundholm
and
Tuomas Vesterbacka,
Hämeenlinna Prison



Wir wollen herzlich
die Johannes Gutenberg Universität
Mainz für diese drei Tage zu danken
und wir wünschen Ihnen vielen Glück
und alles Gute mit FEFI-Projekt!







Work Packages & Schedule

Working groups WP 1-7

Results on Cork Boards

All FEFI-Partners / Leaders of WP



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Work Package 1

PILOTS: Cyprus + Finland
Q1 = 10 persons (5+5)
Q2 = 4 ——— (2+2)
→ End of Jan.

Q1 - minimum
300 F-inmates
Q2 - minimum
100 staff

Q2 Staff Surveys:
- Working w/ F-inmates,
- inside the prison

Translations of Q1 & 2
→ Greek (piloting)
→ English
→ Finnish } versions
(→ Swedish) needed

Q1 in all the
participating countries
05/2014; Q2 takes
place in 6/14

Work Package 2

Seminar with first results

digital leaflet

FROM THE RESULTS,
FREE PARTNERS
WILL START TO IDENTIFY
NEW PROCEDURES
to be tested in
prisons with p
inmates &

Report including
main decisions
validated by partners

analyse Q1 & Q2
confront with lit.
confront with results
Q2

start to create
procedures for
new practices

identify key issues

info sessions for
prison personnel
about problems &
possible solutions

Work Package 3

problems
&
possible solutions
concerning particip.
in activities
NEEDS

experimentation in
prisons

TURKEY

CHOOSE 1
SUB-CATEGORY

Work Package 4

Recommendation
for implementation

three levels of
intervention
to conduct
new procedures:

offers to
motivate staff
towards the
needs of fir

new offers
for fem. inmates
to meet the
needs

measures
for optimizing
the prison
structures (new
procedures)

describe the
results of the
new procedures

bring
results to the
meeting in
Italy.

collect
all results
→ brochure

Work Package 5

Self-Evaluation
↓
To Evaluate SEMINARS
M2 - M10 - M15 - M21

Interviews of
M10 FEFi partners/coord.
FEFi leader
Associated partners

M15 Feed. back from M21
female inmates
↓
To know if new procedures
change things

Project Steering Group
M2 - M10 - M15 - M21

FEFi Projects
Strengths/weak points
Quality Plan
M1 → M24

Evaluation
of national conferences
by participants
M24

Interim Report
on Evaluation
M12

Final Report
on Evaluation
M24

Work Package 6

6.1
LOGO

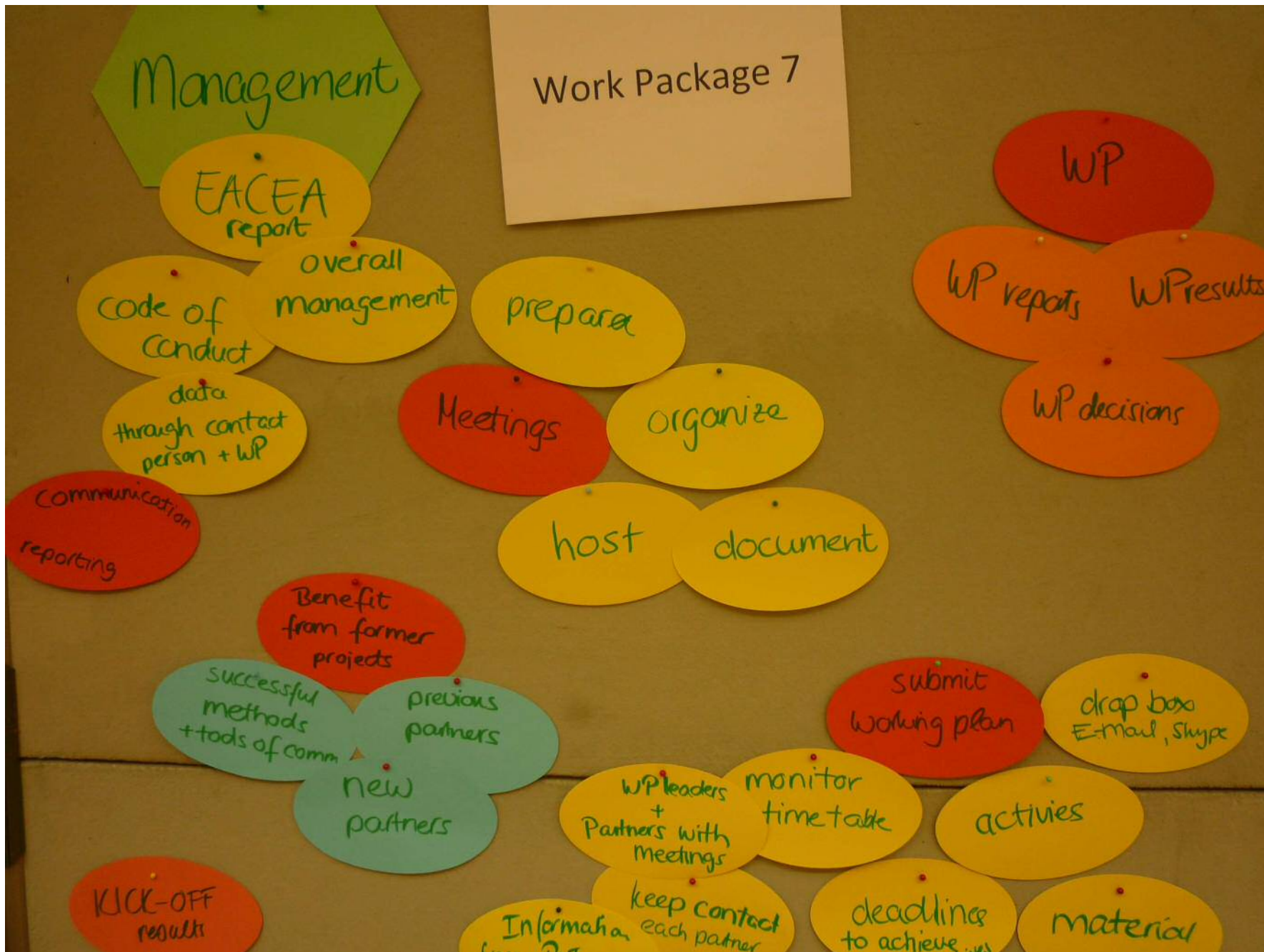
6.2
WEBSITE

6.3
BROCHURE

6.4
ARTICLES
~~SP~~ TALKS
VIDEO CONFERENCE

6.5
GLOSSARY
MAILING LIST
PRESS BOOK *clippings*







Presentation of the quality plan / evaluation

FEFI-partners France



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Friday, 13.12.2013



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Bus trip to Zweibrücken:
Try to sit next to
someone you don't know



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