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Din ve Kimlik İlişkisi Bağlamında Türkiye’de Kimlik Arayışları- Yapısal Bir İçerik Analizi

Turkey’s Search for Identity in the Context of the Relationship between Religion and Identity – A Constructive Content Analysis

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Keywords: Religion; Identity; Secularization; Modernism; Turkey; Globalization

Summary/Abstract: The concept of identity that is emerged in the last century, is nowadays indispensable to the researches in the field of immigration, religion, gender, nationalism and ethnicity. A conceptual changes regarding identity perception has been occurred recently and the content of identity concept has been changed extensively. Identity as a concept that determines a person’s attitudes towards his society and culture has been changed from modernism to postmodernism thoroughly in many respect. On the other hand, the transformations of the religion concept in the wake of modernization process made the role of religion in the constructing of identity discussable. Especially, as the secularization approach indicates, the appearance of fragmented identities in the modernization process leads these efforts to a stalemate. This study aims to examine the process of the Turkey’s identity search regarding the religion and identity within a constructive approach.

Yorulmaz, M. (2012). Din ve Kimlik İlişkisi Bağlamında Türkiye’de Kimlik Arayışları-Yapısal Bir İçerik Analizi. *Elektronik Siyaset Bilimi Araştırmaları Dergisi*, (05), 59-74.

2) THE CONCEPTUAL CHANGE IN SECURITY AND ITS IMPLICATIONS OVER TURKEY’S SECURITY APPROACH AND POLICIES

ABSTRACT The concept of security comes from the Latin origin and has been dominated by the realist approach for long time. With the collapse of the SU and the end of the Cold War, the concept has been redefined and the scope has shifted from focus on state security to social/humanitarian security. In addition to the conventional threat posed by the states, new form of threats, asymmetric threats, have emerged and new forms of mechanisms have been developed to cope with these problems. Simultaneously, Turkey’s security approach and policies have changed to adopt change in the international system. This article aims to deal with the conceptual change in the field of security and its implications on Turkey’s security approach and policies. Turkey’s geopolitical, historical and strategic advantages and risks will be considered in order to understand Turkey’s security culture. **Keywords:** Security approach, Security policies, Security culture, Sevres syndrome, Geopolitics **Jel Codes:** F50, F52, H56

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3)

ABSTRACT After the attack of September 11, Turkey, as a global model, has been popularized in global agenda. The aim of this article is, firstly, to give brief information about how the Turkish Islam had been designed historically, especially after the establishment of Turkish Republic in 1923, secondly, to underline some characteristics and weakness of this model, and finally to discuss its possibilities. Today Turkey is an ideal secular muslim democracy contrast to authoritarian and theocratic dictatorships in muslim world, but has been some weakness. Therefore this global model will be examined as a goal or destination, not as uncompleted project. **Key Words:** Turkey, Turkish Islam, global model, globalization

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While “terror” comes to mean spreading fear, intimidating “terrorism” is a style of strategy which use to terror for implement political aims. There is a common definition about terror but there is not a common definition about terrorism. Because states materialize their national interest via terrorism. Terror has acquired global spirit with globalisation. Drug traffic, laundering of money has finansced terrorist groups. The internet, using of computer has helped them for propaganda. Terrorism and war on terrorism is not a new policy among the states of European Union. Some of member states has came up against for years. Those states had assumed affair of terrorism like problem of internal security and they had determined their policy in this context. Until 11 September 2001, there are not serious policy for war on terrorism in states of European Union. But after 11 September 2001, globalisation of teror, asymmetric threat and its risk of spreading, terrorism against hegemon America have revealed to guard for forming common policies in the European Union. War on terrorism is ensured by agreements, framework laws, new constitutions in the Union. After attacked of terrorism in Europe, Islamofobia have become very important problem in the Union for protecting of human rights.

Ekici, K. D. (2013). *Avrupa Birliđi'nin terörizmle mücadele yöntemleri* (Doctoral dissertation, Selçuk Üniversitesi Sosyal Bilimler Enstitüsü).