

1) ISIS: A Global Terror Organization

ŞENOL, D., ERDEM, S., & ERDEM, E. (2016). İŞİD: KÜRESEL BİR TERÖR ÖRGÜTÜ. *Fırat Üniversitesi Sosyal Bilimler Dergisi*, 26(2).

ABSTRACT

The people and society's interaction network has become extremely complex in globalized world. Globalization has both positive contribution to people and communities' lives and also adverse effects on them. While entering a long fast and effective process, scientific development contributes to positive developments occurring in the world, the domain of terrorist organizations overflow the country's borders and even can threaten all over the world by using this development on behalf of themselves. Terrorist organization known as ISIS has managed to extend its domain in a short time by using the advantages of globalization; it has become a threat to the world from being regional. Every day brings with a data giving rise to concerns that ISIS could threaten the world peace for a while. Therefore we aimed to demonstrate the structure of this terrorist organization that feared people and affected our world negatively with sociological evaluation in our study. Despite the fact that ISIS was also considered to be a terrorist organization all over the world, participation to the organization continuing to increase with each passing day is also extremely thought-provoking. Our study is a literature review and it is created by analyzing and systematizing the sources related to organization in a definite context. The ideology, economic power and media power are considered as the factors affecting the organization's structure and participation in the organization and analyzed. We aim to contribute by keeping light all it may concern on the need to improve the fight against ISIS's related threats.

Key words: Middle East, Globalization, ISIS, Terror Organization, Social Structure.

2) SECURITY IN THE GULF: SECURITY SYSTEM, SECURITY ISSUES AND SECURITY STRUCTURES

EKŞİ, M. (2009). KÖRFEZ'DE GÜVENLİK: Güvenlik Sistemi, Güvenlik Sorunları ve Yapılanmaları, *Akademik ORTA DOĞU*, Cilt 3, Sayı 2.

ABSTRACT

In this paper the basic factors and actors of regional security and politics, the security predicaments, and the Gulf regional security structures, the regional security system with reference to the Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) are analyzed. Concerning the analysis of these issues and due to the fact that the security in the Gulf has both regional and global dimensions, it is considered that; the interdependence of regional-global relationship could be achieved within the multilateral collective security mechanisms in the Gulf. Considering the GCC where the regional and global perspective of Gulf Security is not taken into consideration, it is alluded as a hypothesis that; a regional security mechanism in the Gulf region will not be effective. Apart from the fact that the factors mentioned above are not taken into consideration, the GCC has faced with efficiency crisis and could not solve this quandary since its foundation. Furthermore, the security relations and policies in the Gulf will be more meaningful if handled together with the political economy/petropolitics and power politics. As a result of scrutinizing the security relations in the Gulf, I identify that there is a constant security dilemma in the region. The security in the Gulf region is state-centric and military-focused so dependence on the security of the member countries' to another actor like the US will not bring security to the region; and will convey instability to the region.

Key Words: The Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC), Security System, Terror, Armament, Militarization.

3) TERROR, TERRORISM AND RADICAL ISLAMIC TERROR

Özerkmen, N. (2017). Terör, Terörizm ve Radikal İslamcı Terör. *DTCF Dergisi*, 44(2).

Abstract

The present study consists of five sections. In the first section, a description of terror and terrorism is presented and the difference between them and terrorism is highlighted. Also, studies and approaches on these issues are stated. In the second section, currents of thought that gave rise to Islamic terror are analyzed and it is emphasized that these currents of thought to do agree with the message that Islam conveys. In the third section, it is highlighted that Islamic terror came to existence as a reaction against western civilization, western domination, and financial and political developments in the world. In the fourth section, it is discussed that terror and terrorism are not related with Islam and, for want of a better description, the term "Islam-related terror" should

be used instead of “Islamic terror”. In the fifth section, certain analyses have been made on the relation between “Radical Islamic Terror” and “globalization” which, itself, turns out to be a thoroughly comprehensive phenomenon. Finally, a general evaluation is made together with several suggestions.

Key words: Terror, Terrorism, Islamic Terror, Islam-related terror, Radical Islamic Terror

4) TERROR PHENOMENON WITH RELIGIOUS MOTIVE AND POLITICAL EXPLOITATION OF ISLAM

BODUR, H. E. (2005). Dini Motifli Terör Fenomeni ve İslam'ın Siyasal İstismarı. *Kahramanmaraş Sütçü İmam Üniversitesi İlahiyat Fakültesi Dergisi*, 5.

ABSTRACT

The first section of this article briefly explores the terrorism with religious motive by reference to the misuse of religion. Of course the explanations of religious texts by Ulama and religious leaders in such a way that to build an infrastructure for radicals within the traditional Islamic Community may influence on radical movements. So it will be important to examine the nature and place of religious dogmas which were explained by radical leaders in accordance with their political aims. The religious discourse which is developed by them will be explored in the formation of radical movements. In fact, the objective of this article is to analyze the terrorism which is influenced by the political use of Islam. As we know Islam is against to the terror and violence, so it is seen that the source of terrorism and related organized violence is not religion. We can say that religious violence is mainly motivated by the economical and sociopolitical circumstances. But misuse and exploitation of religion for a political aim may be influential on the terrorist activities, or religion can be viewed one of the sources of it. For this reason some of the religious texts which make the impression of reminding violence must be reinterpreted in terms of modern understandings and conditions. Through the evaluation of society all of the societal institutions, including religion, increasingly specialized. With the process of structural differentiation religion must perform fewer functions which are related to its main area in the framework of secularism. I think this understanding at least by giving suction from the supernatural will contribute the prevention of terrorism with religious motive.

Key words: fundamentalism, religious terrorism, political Islam.