

Please fill this in for each report identified:

Country	Spain
Study No.	Spain 7
Title of work título	Interior activates a secret plan to de-radicalize 228 jihadi prisoners
Databases used including web link when possible  Bases de datos utilizadas, incluido el enlace web cuando sea posible	<a href="https://www.acaip.es/es/noticias/medios-de-comunicacion/6346-interior-activa-un-plan-secreto-para-desradicalizar-a-228-presos-yihadistas">https://www.acaip.es/es/noticias/medios-de-comunicacion/6346-interior-activa-un-plan-secreto-para-desradicalizar-a-228-presos-yihadistas</a>
Countries represented in the study Países representados en el estudio	Spain
Summary of study/report Resumen del estudio / informe	<p>The Ministry of the Interior has just launched a "framework program of intervention" in Spanish prisons which aims to distance 228 Muslim inmates from Islamic violence. The document that details it collects the different actions to follow with these two hundred inmates in function of their inclusion in one of the three groups designed according to the level of extremism they manifest. The program follows three phases that add up to 19 steps to get the reinsertion of these inmates. They are obliged to explicitly apologize to the victims, reparation of the harm caused and collaboration with the authorities to diminish the effects of offense committed.</p> <p>The idea is to only apply this program to those prisoners who access in a voluntary basis, but also bets to encourage participation in it. It is relevant that the program is perceived [by the prisoners] as a support instrument and never as an imposition of the prison administration. The plan' should be carried out in an integral way in Spanish, although adjustments must be made to allow the integration of the participants and a correct understanding of them. In addition, it will be required that each of the prisoners who decide to be part of the program sign "a behavioral contract". In this sense, the document recalls that even if participation is voluntary at all events, minimum rules must be respected that allow the proper and standardized development of the program.</p> <p>According to the division of the prisoners into three types, Group A is formed by those prosecuted or convicted for their links to Islamic terrorism. Group B is formed by inmates who, not having entered prison for crimes related to jihadism, now "carry out a mission of</p>

	<p>indoctrination and diffusion of radicalized ideas on the rest of inmates. Group C includes inmates with a higher or lower level of risk and vulnerability towards the process of fundamentalism and radicalization, assuming a more passive role. In this group, young Muslims of second and third generations with risk factors have also been included. Inmates in Group A will be submitted to two phases with a total of thirteen steps focusing on, among others, aspects such as personal self-knowledge, personal change, account of religious experiences, values (religion, efficient equity man – woman) and a special highlight in the empathy towards the victims. The final stage would include the acquisition of a commitment to a personal change, which leads to new lifestyle.</p> <p>As for Groups B and C, the program proposes a different program, with three different parts although interrelated, and a total of 19 steps in order to provide each of the participating inmates with personal resources which allow them to change their vision on the Extremist religion. First stages are quite similar to those applied for Group A, but then concepts such as cultural and religious pluralism (respect and tolerant attitudes) are worked on. Also, an analysis of misleading and falseness in the discourse is necessary to raise awareness towards an undermining of those inmates who take leadership and power.</p> <p>They are then proposed a new experience of life, for which the personal effects of radicalism will be made clear to them: marginality, imprisonment, loss of social relations, no social support, frustration, no personal fulfillment, no capacity for personal progress or family, loss of freedom, etc. Finally, personal goals will be set to reinforce what each inmate has achieved after the program.</p>
<p>Key findings</p> <p>Resultados clave</p>	<p>Emphasis given to the empathy towards victims</p>
<p>Conclusions of review</p> <p>Conclusiones de la revisión</p>	